

Financial Statements and Supplementary Information

December 31, 2024

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Independent Auditors' Report

To the City Council of City of Park Falls

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Park Falls, Wisconsin (the City), as of and for the year ended December 31, 2024, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of December 31, 2024 and the respective changes in financial position and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS) and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States (*Government Auditing Standards*). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; and for the design, implementation and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Baker Tilly Advisory Group, LP and Baker Tilly US, LLP, trading as Baker Tilly, are members of the global network of Baker Tilly International Ltd., the members of which are separate and independent legal entities. Baker Tilly US, LLP is a licensed CPA firm that provides assurance services to its clients. Baker Tilly Advisory Group, LP and its subsidiary entities provide tax and consulting services to their clients and are not licensed CPA firms.

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS and Government Auditing Standards, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the required supplementary information, as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. Our opinions on the basic financial statements are not affected by this missing information.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements. The supplementary information as listed in the table of contents is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the supplementary information is fairly stated in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated June 18, 2025 on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Baker Tilly US, LLP

Milwaukee, Wisconsin June 18, 2025

City of Park Falls Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024

	Primary Government						
		Sovernmental Activities		Туре		Total	
	AC	tivities		Activities		Total	
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources							
Assets							
Cash and investments	\$	1,910,063	\$	400,914	\$	2,310,977	
Taxes receivable		1,823,513		-		1,823,513	
Delinquent special assessments receivable		11,832		-		11,832	
Notes receivable, net		937,549		-		937,549	
Other receivables, net		45,033		556,025		601,058	
Due from other governments		2,418,352		-		2,418,352	
Internal balances		(119,917)		119,917		-	
Inventories and prepaid items		172,224		69,526		241,750	
Restricted assets, cash and investments		-		165,221		165,221	
Capital assets:							
Land and right of way		416,175		159,318		575,493	
Other capital assets, net of depreciation		16,957,906		16,906,965		33,864,871	
Total assets		24,572,730		18,377,886		42,950,616	
Deferred Outflows of Resources		4 004 070		004 400		4 005 070	
Pension related amounts		1,084,078		221,198		1,305,276	
Total deferred outflows of resources		1,084,078		221,198		1,305,276	
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position							
Liabilities							
Accounts payable		1,105,350		32,203		1,137,553	
Accrued liabilities and deposits		131,819		32,681		164,500	
Unearned revenue		366,095		-		366,095	
Noncurrent liabilities:		,				,	
Due within one year		456,064		637,548		1,093,612	
Due in more than one year		8,065,623		5,080,784		13,146,407	
Net pension liability		116,813		29,203		146,016	
Total liabilities		10,241,764		5,812,419		16,054,183	
		10,241,704		3,012,413		10,034,105	
Deferred Inflows of Resources							
Unearned revenues		1,849,203		-		1,849,203	
Pension related amounts		626,458		156,611		783,069	
Total deferred inflows of resources		2,475,661		156,611		2,632,272	
Net Position							
Net investment in capital assets		9,081,570		11,412,479		20,494,049	
Restricted:		3,001,070		11,412,475		20,434,043	
Loan programs, CDBG		290,653		-		290,653	
TIF districts		1,908,927		_		1,908,927	
Special project, DARE		18,858		-		18,858	
Fair housing fund		54,070		-		54,070	
Equipment replacement fund		54,070		152,226		152,226	
Unrestricted		_ 1,585,305		1,065,349		2,650,654	
Total net position	\$	12,939,383	\$	12,630,054	\$	25,569,437	
	Ψ	12,000,000	Ψ	12,000,004	Ψ	20,000,701	

Statement of Activities Year Ended December 31, 2024

					Ch	Expenses) Revenues anges in Net Positio	on
	Expenses	Charges for Services	Program Revenu Operating Grants and Contributions	es Capital Grants and Contributions	F Governmental Activities	Primary Government Business-Type Activities	Total
Functions/Programs							
Primary government: Governmental activities:							
General government	\$ 1,111,595	\$ 22,262	\$ 17,812	\$-	\$ (1,071,521)	\$-	\$ (1,071,521)
Public safety	1,131,204	21,327	9,325		(1,100,552)	-	(1,100,552)
Public works	1,137,451	30,117	469,812		(637,522)	-	(637,522)
Health and human services	34,005	27,593	-	-	(6,412)	-	(6,412)
Leisure activities	6,136,696	50,480	-	6,583,141	496,925	-	496,925
Conservation and development	176,586	-	-	3,429,182	3,252,596	-	3,252,596
Interest and fiscal charges	364,415	-	-	-	(364,415)	-	(364,415)
Depreciation, unallocated	608,088				(608,088)		(608,088)
Total governmental activities	10,700,040	151,779	496,949	10,012,323	(38,989)		(38,989)
Business-type activities:							
Water utility	936,521	1,193,976	-	-	-	257,455	257,455
Sewer utility	711,984	724,890	-	-	-	12,906	12,906
Refuse utility	227,205	223,906	8,926	-	-	5,627	5,627
Economic Redevelopment Authority	10,490					(10,490)	(10,490)
Total business-type activities	1,886,200	2,142,772	8,926	_ <u> </u>		265,498	265,498
Total primary government	\$ 12,586,240	\$ 2,294,551	\$ 505,875	\$ 10,012,323	(38,989)	265,498	226,509
	Property taxes Other taxes	s, levied for genera s, levied for TIF dis tal revenues not re	1,502,704 420,385 81,340 2,058,638 41,918 66,300	- - - 43,956 -	1,502,704 420,385 81,340 2,058,638 85,874 66,300		
	Total ge	neral revenues			4,171,285	43,956	4,215,241
	Transfers				(2,910,237)	2,910,237	
	Change	in net position			1,222,059	3,219,691	4,441,750
	Net Position, Be	ginning			11,717,324	9,410,363	21,127,687
	Net Position, En	ding			\$ 12,939,383	\$ 12,630,054	\$ 25,569,437

See notes to financial statements

City of Park Falls Balance Sheet -Governmental Funds December 31, 2024

		Capital Projects							
	 General Fund		Capital Projects		TIF #5		YMCA Grant	lonmajor vernmental Funds	 Total
Assets									
Cash and investments	\$ 678,763	\$	38,932	\$	624,291	\$	207,979	\$ 360,098	\$ 1,910,063
Receivables:									
Taxes	1,561,364		-		262.064		-	85	1,823,513
Accounts, net	20,204		-		24,829		-	-	45,033
Notes, net	753,728		_		,		-	183,821	937,549
Delinguent special assessments, net	11,832		_		_		_	100,021	11,832
Due from other governments	144,000		-		- 1,490,196		784,156	-	2,418,352
Due from other funds			-		1,490,190		764,150	-	
	534,059		-		-		-	-	534,059
Advances to other funds	509,775		-		-		-	-	509,775
Inventories and prepaid items	 31,881		140,343		-		-	 -	 172,224
Total assets	\$ 4,245,606	\$	179,275	\$	2,401,380	\$	992,135	\$ 544,004	\$ 8,362,400
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficit)									
Liabilities									
Accounts payable	\$ 53,047	\$	175,569	\$	73,496	\$	783,056	\$ 20,182	\$ 1,105,350
Accrued liabilities	74,635		-		-		-	-	74,635
Due to other funds	23,074		-		-		-	100	23,174
Unearned revenue			-		-		366,095	-	366,095
Advances from other funds	 334,361		-		296,441		-	 509,775	 1,140,577
Total liabilities	 485,117		175,569		369,937		1,149,151	 530,057	 2,709,831
Deferred Inflows of Resources									
Unearned revenues	1,561,364		-		287,754		-	85	1,849,203
Unavailable revenues	 765,560		-		-		784,156	 183,821	 1,733,537
Total deferred inflows of resources	 2,326,924				287,754		784,156	 183,906	 3,582,740
Fund Balances (Deficit)									
Nonspendable	553,488		140,343		-		-	-	693,831
Restricted	-		-		1,743,689		-	344,998	2,088,687
Assigned	2,792		-		-		-	-	2,792
Unassigned (deficit)	 877,285		(136,637)		-		(941,172)	 (514,957)	 (715,481)
Total fund balances (deficit)	 1,433,565		3,706		1,743,689		(941,172)	 (169,959)	 2,069,829
Total liabilities, deferred inflows of resources									
and fund balances (deficit)	\$ 4,245,606	\$	179,275	\$	2,401,380	\$	992,135	\$ 544,004	\$ 8,362,400

Reconciliation of the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet to the Statement of Net Position December 31, 2024			
Total Fund Balance, Governmental Funds		\$	2,069,829
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Net Position are different because:			
Capital assets used in government activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. Capital assets at year end consist of:			
Capital assets Accumulated depreciation	\$ 29,140,260 (11,766,179)		17,374,081
Special assessments, certain grant receivables, loan receivables and various other receivables are reported as unavailable revenues in the fund financial statements and are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide			
financial statements. See Note 3 for details. Deferred outflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current			1,733,537
financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.			1,084,078
Deferred inflows of resources related to pensions do not relate to current financial resources and are not reported in the governmental funds.			(626,458)
Governmental funds report the effect of premiums, discounts and similar items when debt is first issued, whereas these amounts are deferred and amortized in the Statement of Activities. These amounts are the net effect of these differences:			
Premium on debt			(267,511)
Long-term liabilities, including bond and notes payable, are not due in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the fund statements. Long-term liabilities at year end consist of:			
General obligation debt Accrued interest on general obligation debt Net pension liability	(8,102,576) (57,184) (116,813)		
Compensated absences Total Net Position, Governmental Activities	 (151,600)	¢	(8,428,173) 12,939,383
ו טומו אפר ד טאווטוו, טטעפווווופוונמו אטוועוונפא		φ	12,303,000

City of Park Falls Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Governmental Funds

Year Ended December 31, 2024

		Capital Projects Funds							
	eneral ⁻ und		Capital Projects		TIF #5	 YMCA Grant	lonmajor vernmental Funds		Total
Revenues									
Taxes	\$ 1,583,569	\$	-	\$	277,159	\$ -	\$ 143,226	\$	2,003,954
Special assessments	20,292		-		-	-	-		20,292
Intergovernmental	1,772,669		1,355,753		4,040,730	4,443,232	69		11,612,453
Licenses and permits	18,760		-		-	-	-		18,760
Fines, forfeitures and penalties	19,038		-		-	-	-		19,038
Public charges for services	93,691		-		-	-	-		93,691
Intergovernmental charges for services	214,978		-		-	-	-		214,978
Investment income	41,799		-		-	-	119		41,918
Miscellaneous	 49,883		13,725		25,130	 	 -		88,738
Total revenues	 3,814,679		1,369,478		4,343,019	 4,443,232	 143,414		14,113,822
Expenditures									
Current:									
General government	605,203		-		-	-	-		605,203
Public safety	1,141,666		-		-	-	373		1,142,039
Public works	771,864		-		-	-	-		771,864
Health and human services	34,444		-		-	-	-		34,444
Leisure activities	689,287		28,418		-	5,415,599	-		6,133,304
Conservation and development	76,541		-		64,175	-	55,987		196,703
Capital outlay	51,322		3,149,341		3,432,402	-	500,000		7,133,065
Debt service:									
Principal retirement	-		-		4,100,000	-	400,000		4,500,000
Interest and fiscal charges	 6,364		48,844		144,156	 -	 170,968		370,332
Total expenditures	 3,376,691		3,226,603		7,740,733	 5,415,599	 1,127,328		20,886,954
Excess (deficiency) of revenues									
over expenditures	 437,988		(1,857,125)		(3,397,714)	 (972,367)	 (983,914)	. <u> </u>	(6,773,132)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)									
Long-term debt issued	-		-		-	-	5,175,000		5,175,000
Premium on long-term debt	-		-		-	-	198,637		198,637
Proceeds from sale of capital assets	117,038		-		-	-	-		117,038
Transfers in	116,329		108,128		5,690,156	-	437,487		6,352,100
Transfers out	 (545,615)		-		-	-	(5,690,156)		(6,235,771)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 (312,248)		108,128		5,690,156	-	120,968		5,607,004
Net change in fund balances	125,740		(1,748,997)		2,292,442	(972,367)	(862,946)		(1,166,128)
Fund Balances (Deficit), Beginning	 1,307,825		1,752,703		(548,753)	 31,195	 692,987		3,235,957
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 1,433,565	\$	3,706	\$	1,743,689	\$ (941,172)	\$ (169,959)	\$	2,069,829

City of Park Falls Reconciliation of the Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds

Tear Ended December 31, 2024 9: (1,166,128) Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds \$: (1,166,128) Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as a deprediation'amoritzation expense. The following differ in their presentation in the two statements: 7,133,066 Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide statements 7,133,066 Oragital assets outlay users onto capitalized (5,123,20) Operaciation/amoritzation is reported in the government-wide statements (904,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year 701,473 Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases iong-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. (5,175,000) Principal payments paid (5,175,000) (5,175,000) Principal payments paid 15,786 Covernmental funds report ded previoues and expenses; they are reported as changes in the statement of Activities on the governmental funds. 15,786 Change in norupentate of Activities do not require the use of current financial resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. 15,786 <th>to the Statement of Activities</th> <th>unuu</th> <th></th>	to the Statement of Activities	unuu	
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expense. The following differ in their presentation in the two statements: Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capitalized in the government-wide financial statements Some items reported as capital outlay were not capitalized Capital assets contributed to the business-type activities Some items reported as capital outlay were not capitalized Capital assets contributed to the business-type activities Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year Grant and accounts receivables are reported as unavailable revenues in the fund financial statements if not collected within 60 days of year end but are recognized as revenue when earned in the government-wide financial statements. Tot,473 Debt issued provides current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Debt issued resources and, therefore, are not reported as expenditures in the governmental funds. Change in nompensated absences receivables as revenue and issuing new loans as expenditures. Newever, in the Statement of Activities, these amounts are not reported as expenditures and expenses; they are reported as changes in the receivables balances. 20,117 Covernmental funds report epayments of economic development and nousing loans and notes receivables a salence. (uses) or expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, these amounts are not reported as revenue and expenses; they are reported as changes in the receivables bal	Year Ended December 31, 2024		
are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of these assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation/amortization expenses. The following differ in their presentation in the two statements: Capital outlay is reported as an expenditure in the fund financial statements but is capital autilay is reported as capital outlay were not capitalized (3,026,566) Depreciation/amortization is reported in the government-wide statements (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of in the current year (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of not recurrent year (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of not recurrent year (94,423) Book value of capital assets disposed of not require the use of current financial reduces long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position. Repayment of debt principal payments paid (5,175,000) Principal payments paid (5,175,000) Principal payments paid (5,173,000) Change in compensated absences (5,738) (26,437) Change in compensated absences (26,437) Change in net pension liability (and pension related deferred inflows and outflows of resources) (26,437) Change in the statement of Activities and expenses; they are reported as changes in the receivables balances. (20,117 Governmental funds report debt premiums and discounts as other fin	Net Change in Fund Balances, Total Governmental Funds	\$	(1,166,128)
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Change in/Amortization of premium 31,154			(198.637)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities \$ 1,222,059			
	Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$	1,222,059

City of Park Falls Statement of Net Position -Proprietary Funds December 31, 2024

	Bu Water Utility						Water Wastewater Nonmajor			
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Assets										
Current assets:										
Cash and investments	\$-	\$ 400,388	\$ 526	\$ 400,914						
Restricted assets, construction account	-	12,995	-	12,995						
Customer accounts receivable	309,590	188,911	-	498,501						
Other accounts receivable Due from other funds	- 13,213	- 7,697	57,524 2,164	57,524 23,074						
Current portion of advances to other funds	13,213	46,868	2,104	46,868						
Inventories and prepaid items	62,209	7,317	-	69,526						
Total current assets	385,012	664,176	60,214	1,109,402						
Noncurrent assets:										
Restricted assets:										
Equipment replacement	-	152,226	-	152,226						
Capital assets: Land	99,318	60,000		159,318						
Capital assets being depreciated	16,460,069	11,503,312	2,098,996	30,062,377						
Accumulated depreciation	(6,505,047)	(4,551,369)	(2,098,996)	(13,155,412)						
Other assets:	(0,000,011)	(1,001,000)	(2,000,000)	(10,100,112)						
Advances to other funds		925,816		925,816						
Total noncurrent assets	10,054,340	8,089,985		18,144,325						
Total assets	10,439,352	8,754,161	60,214	19,253,727						
Deferred Outflows of Resources										
Pension related amounts	110,598	88,484	22,116	221,198						
Total deferred outflows of resources	110,598	88,484	22,116	221,198						
	<u>.</u>			·						
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position										
Liabilities										
Current liabilities:	9,342	14.051	8,810	32,203						
Accounts payable Accrued interest	9,342 11,271	14,051 5,321	0,010	16,592						
Accrued expenses	9,818	6,056	215	16,089						
Due to other funds	519,411	-	14,548	533,959						
Current portion of advances from other funds	17,098	-	-	17,098						
Current portion of accrued compensated absences	1,080	981	-	2,061						
Current portion of long-term debt	476,876	158,611	-	635,487						
Total current liabilities	1,044,896	185,020	23,573	1,253,489						
Noncurrent liabilities:										
Long-term debt	2,544,299	2,487,013	_	5,031,312						
Advances from other funds	324,784	2,407,010	-	324,784						
Accrued compensated absences	25,932	23,540	-	49,472						
Net pension liability	14,602	11,681	2,920	29,203						
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,909,617	2,522,234	2,920	5,434,771						
Total liabilities	3,954,513	2,707,254	26,493	6,688,260						
Deferred Inflows of Resources										
Pension related amounts	78,305	62,647	15,659	156,611						
Total deferred inflow of resources	78,305	62,647	15,659	156,611						
Net Position										
Net Position Net investment in capital assets	7,033,166	4,379,313		11,412,479						
Restricted for:	7,000,100	7,018,010	-	11,412,479						
Equipment replacement	-	152,226	-	152,226						
Unrestricted (deficit)	(516,034)	1,541,205	40,178	1,065,349						
Total net position	\$ 6,517,132	\$ 6,072,744	\$ 40,178	\$ 12,630,054						

See notes to financial statements

City of Park Falls Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds								
	Water Utility	Utility	Funds	Total					
Operating Revenues	\$ 1,193,976	\$ 724,890	\$ 232,832	\$ 2,151,698					
Operating Expenses									
Operation and maintenance	485,075	454,187	227,205	1,166,467					
Depreciation	390,070	239,977	10,490	640,537					
Taxes	8,977			8,977					
Total operating expenses	884,122	694,164	237,695	1,815,981					
Operating income (loss)	309,854	30,726	(4,863)	335,717					
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)									
Investment income	33,534	10,422	-	43,956					
Interest and fiscal charges	(52,399)	(17,820)		(70,219)					
Total nonoperating revenue (expenses)	(18,865)	(7,398)		(26,263)					
Income (loss) before contributions and transfers	290,989	23,328	(4,863)	309,454					
Contributions and Transfers									
Capital contributions	1,829,289	1,197,277	-	3,026,566					
Transfers out	(116,329)			(116,329)					
Total contributions and transfers	1,712,960	1,197,277		2,910,237					
Change in net position	2,003,949	1,220,605	(4,863)	3,219,691					
Net Position, Beginning	4,513,183	4,852,139	45,041	9,410,363					
Net Position, Ending	\$ 6,517,132	\$ 6,072,744	\$ 40,178	\$ 12,630,054					

Statement of Cash Flows -Proprietary Funds Year Ended December 31, 2024

Business-Type Activities - Enterprise Funds Water Wastewater Nonmaior Utility Utility Funds Total **Cash Flows From Operating Activities** Cash received from customers 1,201,120 700,811 227,797 2,129,728 \$ \$ 9 \$ Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services (298,892) (384,041) (207,128) (890,061) Cash paid to employees for services (219.537)(137.938)(20.669)(378.144)Net cash flows from operating activities 682,691 178,832 861,523 **Cash Flows From Noncapital Financing Activities** Transfers to other funds (116, 329)(116, 329)Net cash flows from noncapital financing activities (116,329) (116,329) **Cash Flows From Investing Activities** Investment income 33,534 10,422 43,956 Net cash flows from investing activities 33,534 10,422 43.956 Cash Flows From Capital and Related **Financing Activities** 296,441 Debt proceeds 296 441 Debt retired (465,695) (203,329) (669,024) Interest paid (52,399) (17,820) (70,219) Advances (to) from other funds (16.892)(263.028) (279.920)Acquisition and construction of capital assets (64,910) (47, 564)(112,474) Net cash flows from capital and related financing activities (599,896) (235,300) (835,196) Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents (46,046)(46,046) Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning 611,655 526 612,181 Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending \$ 565.609 526 566.135 \$ \$ \$ Reconciliation of Cash and Cash Equivalents Cash and cash equivalents per statement of net position: 400,388 526 400,914 Cash and investments \$ \$ \$ \$ Restricted cash and investments: Bond proceeds account 12,995 12,995 Replacement account 152.226 152,226 Cash and cash equivalents per statement of cash flows 565,609 526 566,135 \$ Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to **Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities** Operating income (loss) 309,854 \$ 30,726 \$ (4,863) 335,717 \$ \$ Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities: Noncash items included in income: Depreciation 390,070 239,977 10,490 640,537 Depreciation charged to other accounts 11,033 (11.033)Change in assets and liabilities: Customer accounts receivable 9,324 (5, 349)3,975 Other accounts receivable (2,871) (2,871)(7,697) Receivable from Municipality (13.213)(2,164) (23,074) Inventories and prepaid items 16,743 19,221 2,478 (12,950) Accounts payable (26.972)(67,733) (107,655) Payable to Municipality (11, 260)13.036 1.776 Other current liabilities (3,588) (3,711) 154 (7,145) Accrued compensated absences 4.855 4.501 9.356 Pension related deferrals and asset (4, 155)(3, 327)(832) (8,314)Net cash flows from operating activities 682,691 \$ 178,832 861,523 \$ \$ Noncash Capital, Investing and Financing Activities Capital assets contributed from TIF #5 1.829.289 1,197,277 \$ \$

City of Park Falls Statement of Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Fund December 31, 2024

	Custodial Fund Tax Collection Fund
Assets	
Cash and investments	\$ 680,612
Taxes receivable	1,289,020
Total assets	1,969,632
Liabilities	
Due to other governments	1,969,632
Net Position	
Total net position	<u> </u>

City of Park Falls Statement of Changes in Fiduciary Net Position -Fiduciary Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	 stodial Fund x Collection Fund
Additions Property taxes collected for other governments	\$ 1,254,158
Deductions Property taxes distributed to other governments	 1,254,158
Change in fiduciary net position	-
Net Position, Beginning	
Net Position, Ending	\$

City of Park Falls Index to Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

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Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

The accounting policies of the City of Park Falls, Wisconsin (the City) conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applicable to governmental units. The accepted standard-setting body for establishing governmental accounting and financial reporting principles is the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB).

Reporting Entity

This report includes all of the funds of the City. The reporting entity for the City consists of the primary government and its component unit. Component units are legally separate organizations for which the primary government is financially accountable or other organizations for which the nature and significance of their relationship with the primary government are such that their exclusion would cause the reporting entity's financial statements to be misleading. The primary government is financially accountable if (1) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and it is able to impose its will on that organization, (2) it appoints a voting majority of the organization's governing body and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government, (3) the organization is fiscally dependent on and there is a potential for the organization to provide specific financial benefits to, or impose specific financial burdens on, the primary government. Certain legally separate, tax exempt organizations should also be reported as a component unit if all of the following criteria are met: (1) the economic resources received or held by the separate organization are entirely or almost entirely for the direct benefit of the primary government, its component units or its constituents; (2) the primary government or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to access, a majority of the economic resources received or held by the separate organization; and (3) the economic resources received or held by an individual organization that the primary government, or its component units, is entitled to, or has the ability to otherwise access, are significant to the primary government.

Component units are reported using one of three methods, discrete presentation, blended or fiduciary. Generally, component units should be discretely presented in a separate column in the financial statements. A component unit should be reported as part of the primary government using the blending method if it meets any one of the following criteria: (1) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same governing body and a financial benefit or burden relationship exists, (2) the primary government and the component unit have substantively the same government has operational responsibility for the component unit, (3) the component unit serves or benefits, exclusively or almost exclusively, the primary government rather than its citizens or (4) the total debt of the component unit will be paid entirely or almost entirely from resources of the primary government.

Blended Component Unit

The Redevelopment Authority of the City of Park Falls (RDA) serves all the citizens of the government and is governed by a board comprised of the government's elected council. The rates for any user charges and bond issuance authorizations are approved by the government's council and the government is legally obligated to provide resources in case there are deficiencies in debt service payments and resources are not available from other remedies. The Authority is reported as an enterprise fund. The Authority does not issue separate financial statements.

Component Unit Not Presented

Park Falls Public Library Memorial Trust

The Park Falls Public Library Memorial Trust is a legally separate organization. The bylaws of the Park Falls Public Library Memorial Trust establish the purpose of the organization. The resources held by the organization are for the benefit of the City's library. The Park Falls Public Library Memorial Trust does not issue separate financial statements. The City has elected to exclude the Park Falls Public Library Memorial Trust from these financial statement as the amounts are not significant to the City as a whole.

Government-Wide and Fund Financial Statements

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized in financial statements prepared using the economic resources measurement focus for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This standard was implemented January 1, 2024. The impact of implementation was not material.

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The statement of net position and statement of activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. They include all funds of the reporting entity except for fiduciary funds. The statements distinguish between governmental and business-type activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues and other nonexchange revenues. Business-type activities are financed in whole or in part by fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Likewise, the primary government is reported separately from certain legally separate component units for which the primary government is financially accountable.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. The City does not allocate indirect expenses to functions in the statement of activities. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items not included among program revenues are reported as general revenues. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements

Financial statements of the City are organized into funds, each of which is considered to be a separate accounting entity. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts, which constitute its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, net position/fund balance, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

Funds are organized as major funds or nonmajor funds within the governmental and proprietary statements. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the City or meets the following criteria:

- a. Total assets/deferred outflows of resources, liabilities/deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10% of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type, and
- b. The same element of the individual governmental or enterprise fund that met the 10% test is at least 5% of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.
- c. In addition, any other governmental or enterprise fund that the City believes is particularly important to financial statement users may be reported as a major fund.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds and major individual enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund

General Fund accounts for the City's primary operating activities. It is used to account for and report all financial resources except those accounted for and reported in another fund.

Capital Projects Funds

The Capital Projects Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted or assigned to expenditures for the acquisition or construction of the City's capital improvement plan projects.

TIF #5, Capital Projects Fund, is used to account for and report financial resources that are committed for expenditures in accordance with the TIF District plan.

YMCA Grant, Capital Projects Fund, is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted to expenditures for the acquisition and construction of the YMCA project.

Enterprise Funds

The City reports the following major enterprise funds:

Water Utility accounts for operations of the water system.

Wastewater Utility accounts for operations of the wastewater system.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

The City reports the following nonmajor governmental and enterprise funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Special Revenue Funds are used to account for and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditures for specified purposes (other than debt service or capital projects).

DARE CDBG Fair Housing

Debt Service Fund

Debt Service Fund is used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for the payment of general long-term debt principal, interest and related costs.

Capital Projects Funds

Capital Projects Funds are used to account for and report financial resources that are restricted, committed or assigned to expenditure for capital outlays, including the acquisition or construction of equipment and/or major capital facilities.

TIF #3 Development TIF #6 Development

Enterprise Funds

Enterprise Funds are used to account for and report any activity for which a fee is charged to external uses for goods or services, and must be used for activities which meet certain debt or cost recovery criteria.

Refuse Redevelopment Authority, Blended Component Unit

In addition, the City reports the following fund types:

Custodial Fund

Custodial Fund is used to account for and report assets controlled by the City and the assets are for the benefit of individuals, private organizations and/or other governmental units.

Tax Collection Fund

Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting and Financial Statement Presentation

Government-Wide Financial Statements

The government-wide statement of net position and statement of activities are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting. Under the accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recorded when the liability is incurred or economic asset used. Revenues, expenses, gains, losses, assets and liabilities resulting from exchange and exchange-like transactions are recognized when the exchange takes place. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Taxes receivable for the following year are recorded as receivables and deferred inflows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider are met. Special assessments are recorded as revenue when earned. Unbilled receivables are recorded as revenues when services are provided.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are charges between the City's water and wastewater utilities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Fund Financial Statements

Governmental fund financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when they are both measurable and available. Available means collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to be used to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for unmatured interest on long-term debt, claims, judgments, compensated absences and pension expenditures, which are recorded as a fund liability when expected to be paid with expendable available financial resources.

Property taxes are recorded in the year levied as receivables and deferred inflows. They are recognized as revenues in the succeeding year when services financed by the levy are being provided.

Intergovernmental aids and grants are recognized as revenues in the period the City is entitled to the resources and the amounts are available. Amounts owed to the City which are not available are recorded as receivables and unavailable revenues. Amounts received before eligibility requirements (excluding time requirements) are met are recorded as liabilities. Amounts received in advance of meeting time requirements are recorded as deferred inflows.

Special assessments are recorded as revenues when they become measurable and available as current assets. Annual installments due in future years are reflected as receivables and unavailable revenues.

Revenues susceptible to accrual include property taxes, miscellaneous taxes, public charges for services, special assessments and interest. Other general revenues such as fines and forfeitures, inspection fees, recreation fees and miscellaneous revenues are recognized when received in cash or when measurable and available under the criteria described above.

Proprietary and Fiduciary Funds

Proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as described previously in this note.

> The proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with a proprietary fund's principal ongoing operations. The principal operating revenues of the water and wastewater utilities, refuse fund and redevelopment authority are charges to customers for sales and services. Special assessments are recorded as receivables and contribution revenue when levied. Operating expenses for proprietary funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses and depreciation on capital assets. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

All Financial Statements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenditures/expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

Assets, Deferred Outflows of Resources, Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position or Equity

Deposits and Investments

For purposes of the statement of cash flows, the City considers all highly liquid investments with an initial maturity of three months or less when acquired to be cash equivalents.

Investment of City funds is restricted by Wisconsin state statutes. Available investments are limited to:

- a. Time deposits in any credit union, bank, savings bank or trust company.
- b. Bonds or securities of any county, city, drainage district, technical college district, village, town or school district of the state. Also, bonds issued by a local exposition district, a local professional baseball park district, a local professional football stadium district, a local cultural arts district, the University of Wisconsin Hospitals and Clinics Authority or the Wisconsin Aerospace Authority.
- c. Bonds or securities issued or guaranteed by the federal government.
- d. The local government investment pool.
- e. Any security maturing in seven years or less and having the highest or second highest rating category of a nationally recognized rating agency.
- f. Securities of an open-end management investment company or investment trust, subject to various conditions and investment options.
- g. Repurchase agreements with public depositories, with certain conditions.

The City has adopted an investment policy. That policy contains the following guidelines:

Custodial Credit Risk - The policy states investments shall be collateralized with a written agreement for amounts above and beyond coverage provided by FDIC. Collateral is limited to securities of the U.S. Treasury and its agencies and AAA rated irrevocable letters of credit.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Investments are stated at fair value, which is the amount at which an investment could be exchanged in a current transaction between willing parties. No investments are reported at amortized cost. Adjustments necessary to record investments at fair value are recorded in the operating statement as increases or decreases in investment income. Investment income on commingled investments of municipal accounting funds is allocated based on average balances. The difference between the bank statement balance and carrying value is due to outstanding checks and/or deposits in transit.

See Note 3 for further information.

Receivables

Property taxes are levied in December on the assessed value as of the prior January 1. In addition to property taxes for the City, taxes are collected for and remitted to the county government as well as the local school district and technical college district. Taxes for all state and local governmental units billed in the current year for the succeeding year are reflected as receivables and due to other taxing units on the accompanying statement of fiduciary net position.

Property tax calendar - 2024 tax roll:

Lien date and levy date	December 2024
Tax bills mailed	December 2024
Payment in full, or	January 31, 2025
First installment due	January 31, 2025
Second installment due	July 31, 2025
Tax sale, 2024 delinquent real estate taxes	October 2027

Delinquent real estate taxes as of July 31 are paid in full by the County, which assumes the collection thereof. Therefore, no provision has been made for uncollectible real estate taxes.

The water and wastewater utilities have the right, by law, to place substantially all delinquent bills on the tax roll. Therefore, no provision for has been made for uncollectible utility bills.

During the course of operations, transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Short-term interfund loans are reported as "due to and from other funds." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances from and to other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the statement of net position. Any residual balances outstanding between the governmental activities and business-type activities are reported in the government-wide financial statements as internal balances.

In the governmental fund financial statements, advances to other funds are offset equally by a nonspendable fund balance account which indicates that they do not constitute expendable available financial resources and, therefore, are not available for appropriation or by a restricted fund balance account, if the funds will ultimately be restricted when the advance is repaid.

The City has received federal and state grant funds for economic development and housing rehabilitation loan programs to various businesses and individuals. The City records a loan receivable when the loan has been made and funds have been disbursed. The amount recorded as economic development and housing rehabilitation loans receivable has not been reduced by an allowance for uncollectible accounts.

It is the City's policy to record unavailable revenue for the net amount of the receivable balance. As loans are repaid, revenue is recognized. When new loans are made from the repayments, expenditures are recorded. Interest received from loan repayments is recognized as revenue when received in cash. Any unspent loan repayments at year end are presented as restricted fund balance in the fund financial statements.

Inventories and Prepaid Items

Governmental fund inventory items are charged to expenditure accounts when purchased. Year-end inventory was not significant. Proprietary fund inventories are generally used for construction and/or for operation and maintenance work. They are not for resale. They are valued at average cost based on FIFO and charged to construction and/or operation and maintenance expense when used.

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Restricted Assets

Mandatory segregations of assets are presented as restricted assets. Such segregations are required by bond agreements and other external parties.

Capital Assets

Government-Wide Financial Statements

Capital assets, which include property, plant and equipment, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the government as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. All capital assets are valued at historical cost or estimated historical cost if actual amounts are unavailable. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

Additions to and replacements of capital assets of business-type activities are recorded at original cost, which includes material, labor and overhead. The cost of renewals and betterments relating to retirement units is added to plant accounts. The cost of property replaced, retired or otherwise disposed of, is deducted from plant accounts and, generally, together with removal costs less salvage, is charged to accumulated depreciation.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the statement of activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the statement of net position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method. The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

Buildings	20-50 Years
Furniture and equipment	5-10 Years
Vehicles	5-10 Years
Infrastructure	10-50 Years

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same way as in the government-wide statements.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

A deferred outflow of resources represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period and will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until that future time.

Compensated Absences

Under terms of employment, employees are granted sick leave and vacations in varying amounts.

Vacation and sick leave pay is accrued in the government-wide and proprietary fund financial statements. A liability for these amounts is reported in governmental funds only if they have matured, for example, as a result of employee resignations and retirements, and are payable with expendable resources.

Payments for vacation and sick leave will be made at rates in effect when the benefits are used. Accumulated vacation and sick leave liabilities at December 31, 2024, are determined on the basis of current salary rates and include salary related payments.

Long-Term Obligations

All long-term obligations to be repaid from governmental and business-type resources are reported as liabilities in the government-wide statements. The long-term obligations consist primarily of notes and bonds payable and accrued compensated absences.

Long-term obligations for governmental funds are not reported as liabilities in the fund financial statements. The face value of debts (plus any premiums) are reported as other financing sources and payments of principal and interest are reported as expenditures. The accounting in proprietary funds is the same as it is in the government-wide statements.

For the government-wide statements and proprietary fund statements, bond premiums and discounts are amortized over the life of the issue using the straight-line method. The balance at year end is shown as an increase or decrease in the liability section of the statement of net position.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

A deferred inflow of resources represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period and therefore will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that future time.

Equity Classifications

Government-Wide Statements

Equity is classified as net position and displayed in three components:

- a. **Net Investment in Capital Assets** Consists of capital assets including restricted capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by the outstanding balances (excluding unspent debt proceeds) of any bonds, mortgages, notes or other borrowings that are attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.
- b. Restricted Net Position Consists of net position with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or, 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. **Unrestricted Net Position** All other net positions that do not meet the definitions of "restricted" or "net investment in capital assets."

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is the City's policy to use restricted resources first, then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Fund Statements

Governmental fund balances are displayed as follows:

- a. **Nonspendable** Includes fund balance amounts that cannot be spent either because they are not in spendable form or because legal or contractual requirements require them to be maintained intact.
- b. Restricted Consists of fund balances with constraints placed on their use either by 1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors or laws or regulations of other governments or 2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.
- c. **Committed** Includes fund balance amounts that are constrained for specific purposes that are internally imposed by the government through formal action of the highest level of decision making authority. Fund balance amounts are committed through a formal action (resolution) of the City Council. This formal action must occur prior to the end of the reporting period, but the amount of the commitment, which will be subject to the constraints, may be determined in the subsequent period. Any changes to the constraints imposed require the same formal action of the City Council that originally created the commitment.
- d. **Assigned** Includes spendable fund balance amounts that are intended to be used for specific purposes that do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. The Council may take official action to assign amounts. Assignments may take place after the end of the reporting period.
- e. **Unassigned** Includes residual positive fund balance within the general fund which has not been classified within the other above mentioned categories. Unassigned fund balance may also include negative balances for any governmental fund if expenditures exceed amounts restricted, committed or assigned for those purposes.

Proprietary fund equity is classified the same as in the government-wide statements.

The City considers restricted amounts to be spent first when both restricted and unrestricted fund balance is available unless there are legal documents / contracts that prohibit doing this, such as in grant agreements requiring dollar for dollar spending. Additionally, the City would first use committed, then assigned and lastly unassigned amounts of unrestricted fund balance when expenditures are made.

See Note 3 for further information.

Pension

The fiduciary net position of the Wisconsin Retirement System (WRS) has been determined using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and accrual basis of accounting. This includes for purposes of measuring the following:

- Net Pension Liability (Asset);
- Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions; and
- Pension Expense (Revenue).

Information about the fiduciary net position of the WRS and additions to/deductions from WRS' fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the WRS. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Basis for Existing Rates

Water and Wastewater Utilities

Current water rates were approved by the Public Service Commission order 4550-WQ-104 and were in effect for services rendered on or after September 17, 2023.

Current wastewater rates were approved by the City Council and were in effect for services rendered on or after January 1, 2023.

2. Stewardship, Compliance and Accountability

Deficit Balances

Generally accepted accounting principles require disclosure of individual funds that have deficit balances at year end.

As of December 31, 2024, the following individual funds held a deficit balance:

Fund		Amount	Reason
Capital Projects Fund - YMCA Fund Capital Projects Fund - TIF #6 Development	\$	941,172 514,957	Expenditures in excess of grant revenues Expenditures in excess of increment

TIF district deficits are anticipated to be funded with future incremental taxes levied over the life of the districts, which is 27 years for the districts created before October 1, 1995, and 23 years for districts created thereafter through September 30, 2004. Beginning October 1, 2004, the life of new districts varies by type of district (20-27 years) and may be extended in some cases. Other fund deficits are anticipated to be funded with grant revenues.

Budgetary Information

A budget has been adopted for the general fund, capital projects fund, refuse utility, water utility and wastewater utility. A budget has not been formally adopted for the redevelopment authority fund, YMCA grant, TIF #3 Development, TIF #5 and TIF #6 Development capital projects funds, debt service fund and special revenue funds - DARE, CDBG and Fair housing. Wisconsin Statute 65.90 requires that an annual budget be adopted for all funds.

Limitations on the City's Tax Levy

Wisconsin law limits the City's future tax levies. Generally the City is limited to its prior tax levy dollar amount (excluding TIF Districts), increased by the greater of the percentage change in the City's equalized value due to net new construction or zero percent. Changes in debt service from one year to the next are generally exempt from this limit with certain exceptions. The City is required to reduce its allowable levy by the estimated amount of fee revenue it collects for certain services, if those services were funded in 2013 by the property tax levy. Levies can be increased above the allowable limits if the amount is approved by referendum.

Violation of Finance-Related Legal or Contractual Provisions

At December 31, 2024, the City was not in compliance with the provisions of the 2008, 2013, 2016, 2017, 2022, 2023 and 2024 water and wastewater revenue bond covenants that require assets to be accumulated in a restricted account for the payment of future debt service. The covenants require, at a minimum, that an amount equivalent to the next debt service payments be always maintained in a segregated cash account. As of year-end, the City had no restricted cash and investments available related to debt service and had not set up segregated debt service bank accounts.

In addition, as of year-end, the water utility did not have sufficient cash available to pay for operation and maintenance expenses, as required by the revenue bond agreement.

The City was in compliance with the provisions of its water and wastewater revenue bond covenants that require that the net revenues in the water utility equal or exceed 110% of the total principal and interest paid on the revenue bonds during the year. The actual coverage as of December 31, 2024, was approximately 223% and 157%, respectively.

3. Detailed Notes on All Funds

Deposits and Investments

The City's deposits and investments at year end were comprised of the following:

	Carrying Bank Value Balance Associated Risks	
Demand and time deposits Cash on hand and petty cash Certificate of deposit	\$ 2,234,374 \$ 2,183,180 Custodial credit risk 75 - N/A 922,361 922,361 Custodial credit risk	
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 3,156,810</u> <u>\$ 3,105,541</u>	
Reconciliation to financial statements		
Per statement of net position: Unrestricted cash and investments Restricted cash and investments Per statement of net position, fiduciary funds:	\$ 2,310,977 165,221	
Tax collection fund	680,612	
Total cash and investments	<u>\$ 3,156,810</u>	

Deposits in each local and area bank are insured by the FDIC in the amount of \$250,000 for time and savings accounts (including NOW accounts) and \$250,000 for demand deposit accounts (interest-bearing and non-interest-bearing). In addition, if deposits are held in an institution outside of the state in which the government is located, insured amounts are further limited to a total of \$250,000 for the combined amount of all deposit accounts.

Bank accounts are also insured by the State Deposit Guarantee Fund in the amount of \$1,000,000. However, due to the nature of this fund, recovery of material principal losses may not be significant to individual municipalities. This coverage has been considered in computing custodial credit risk.

The City has a floating collateralization agreement with First National Bank that covers deposits over the FDIC limit with additional collateralization up to \$15,000,000. As of December 31, 2024 the City was fully collateralized in their depositories.

Custodial Credit Risk

Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a financial institution failure, the City's deposits may not be returned to the City. The City does not have any deposits exposed to custodial credit risk.

See Note 1 for further information on deposit and investment policies.

Receivables

All of the receivables on the balance sheet are expected to be collected within one year with the exception of the \$753,728 mill loan receivable, \$183,821 CDBG mortgages receivable and \$11,832 of delinquent special assessments held by the City.

Governmental funds report *unavailable* or *unearned revenue* in connection with receivables for revenues that are not considered to be available to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Property taxes levied for the subsequent year are not earned and cannot be used to liquidate liabilities of the current period. Governmental funds also defer revenue recognition in connection with resources that have been received, but not yet earned. At the end of the current fiscal year, the various components of *unavailable revenue* and *unearned revenue* reported in the governmental funds were as follows:

	Unearned			Unavailable		
Property taxes receivable for subsequent year Payment in lieu of taxes Special assessments Loans receivable Grants receivable Grants received in advance of meeting eligibility requirements	\$	1,823,513 25,690 - - 366,095	\$	- 11,832 937,549 784,156 -		
Total unearned/unavailable revenue for governmental funds	\$	2,215,298	\$	1,733,537		
Unearned revenue included in liabilities	\$	366,095				
Unearned revenue included in deferred inflows		1,849,203				
Total unearned revenue for governmental funds	\$	2,215,298				

Restricted Assets

The following represent the balances of the restricted assets:

Long-Term Debt Accounts

Construction - Used to report proceeds of revenue bond issuances that are restricted for use in construction.

Equipment Replacement - Used for significant wastewater treatment mechanical equipment replacement as required by the Wisconsin Department of Natural Resources.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Following is a list of restricted assets at December 31, 2024:

	 estricted Assets
Restricted cash and investments: Construction account Equipment replacement	\$ 12,995 152,226
Total restricted assets	\$ 165,221

Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	Additions	Deletions	Ending Balance
Governmental Activities Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and right of way Construction in progress	\$ 368,175 2,577,244	\$ 49,900	\$	\$ 416,175
Total capital assets not being depreciated	2,945,419	49,900	2,579,144	416,175
Capital assets being depreciated: Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Equipment and vehicles	10,513,469 7,711,681 5,998,330	3,730,534 2,721,982 130,004	1,107,033 974,882 	13,136,970 9,458,781 6,128,334
Total capital assets being depreciated	24,223,480	6,582,520	2,081,915	28,724,085
Total capital assets	27,168,899	6,632,420	4,661,059	29,140,260
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and improvements Infrastructure Equipment and vehicles	(6,188,210) (1,904,489) (4,187,650)	(414,274) (386,335) (193,814)	533,711 974,882 	(6,068,773) (1,315,942) (4,381,464)
Total accumulated depreciation	(12,280,349)	(994,423)	1,508,593	(11,766,179)
Net capital assets being depreciated	11,943,131	5,588,097	573,322	16,957,906
Total governmental activities capital assets, net of depreciation	<u>\$ 14,888,550</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 17,374,081</u>

Depreciation expense was charged to functions as follows:

Governmental Activities	
Unallocated	\$ 608,088
Public works	 386,335
Total governmental activities depreciation expense	\$ 994,423

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Business-Type Activities

	 Beginning Balance	 Additions		Deletions	 Ending Balance
Water Utility Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights	\$ 99,318	\$ 	\$		\$ 99,318
Total capital assets not being depreciated	 99,318	 			 99,318
Capital assets being depreciated: Source of supply Pumping plant Water treatment plant Transmission and distribution plant General plant	 1,629,169 1,934,010 2,720,401 7,984,549 403,478	 - - 1,837,193 57,006		- - 105,737 -	 1,629,169 1,934,010 2,720,401 9,716,005 460,484
Total capital assets being depreciated	 14,671,607	 1,894,199	_	105,737	 16,460,069
Total capital assets	14,770,925	1,894,199		105,737	16,559,387
Less accumulated depreciation	 (6,209,681)	 (401,103)		(105,737)	 (6,505,047)
Net capital assets being depreciated	 8,461,926	 1,493,096		-	 9,955,022
Net water capital assets	\$ 8,561,244	\$ 1,493,096	\$	-	\$ 10,054,340
	 Beginning Balance	 Additions		Deletions	 Ending Balance
Wastewater Utility Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights	\$	\$ Additions	\$	Deletions	\$
Capital assets not being depreciated:	\$ Balance	\$ Additions	\$	Deletions -	\$ Balance
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights Total capital assets not being	\$ Balance 60,000	\$ Additions - - 1,197,277 9,660 9,759 28,145	\$	Deletions 	\$ Balance 60,000
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Collection system Collection pumping Treatment plant	\$ Balance 60,000 60,000 6,393,356 650,561 2,802,365	\$ - - 1,197,277 9,660 9,759	\$		\$ Balance 60,000 60,000 7,521,516 660,221 2,812,124
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Collection system Collection pumping Treatment plant General plant	\$ Balance 60,000 60,000 6,393,356 650,561 2,802,365 481,782	\$ - 1,197,277 9,660 9,759 28,145	\$	- 69,117 - 476	 Balance 60,000 60,000 7,521,516 660,221 2,812,124 509,451
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Collection system Collection pumping Treatment plant General plant Total capital assets being depreciated	\$ Balance 60,000 60,000 6,393,356 650,561 2,802,365 481,782 10,328,064	\$ - 1,197,277 9,660 9,759 28,145 1,244,841	\$	69,117 - - 476 69,593	\$ Balance 60,000 60,000 7,521,516 660,221 2,812,124 509,451 11,503,312
Capital assets not being depreciated: Land and land rights Total capital assets not being depreciated Capital assets being depreciated: Collection system Collection pumping Treatment plant General plant Total capital assets being depreciated Total capital assets	 Balance 60,000 60,000 6,393,356 650,561 2,802,365 481,782 10,328,064 10,388,064	\$ - 1,197,277 9,660 9,759 28,145 1,244,841 1,244,841	\$	- 69,117 - 476 69,593 69,593	\$ Balance 60,000 60,000 7,521,516 660,221 2,812,124 509,451 11,503,312 11,563,312

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

		Beginning Balance		Additions	 Deletions	 Ending Balance
Redevelopment Authority Capital assets not being depreciated: Infrastructure	\$	2,098,996	\$	-	\$ -	\$ 2,098,996
Less accumulated depreciation		(2,088,506)		(10,490)	 	 (2,098,996)
Net capital assets being depreciated				-	 -	 <u> </u>
Net redevelopment authority capital assets, net of depreciation	\$	10,490	\$	(10,490)	\$ 	\$
Business-type activities capital assets, net as reported in the statement of net position	\$	14,567,780	\$	2,498,503	\$ 	\$ 17,066,283
Depreciation expense was charged to	fur	nctions as follo	ows	3:		
Business-Type Activities Water utility Wastewater utility Redevelopment utility					\$ 390,070 239,977 10,490	
Total					\$ 640,537	

Depreciation expense may be different from business-type activity accumulated depreciation additions because of joint metering, salvage, cost of removal, internal allocations or costs associated with the disposal of assets.

Interfund Receivables/Payables, Advances and Transfers

Interfund Receivables/Payables

The following is a schedule of interfund receivables and payables including any overdrafts on pooled cash and investment accounts:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund		 Amount
General Fund	Water Utility	\$ 519,411
General Fund	Refuse Fund	14,548
General Fund	CDBG Fund	100
Water Utility	General Fund	13,213
Wastewater Utility	General Fund	7,697
Refuse Fund	General Fund	 2,164
Total, fund financial statements		557,133
Less advances		(630,802)
Less fund and government-wide elimination	ons	 <u>(46,248)</u>
Total internal balances, governme	ent-wide statement of net position	\$ (119,917)

All amounts are due within one year.

The primary purpose of the interfund balances is to cover an overdraft of pooled cash.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Advances

The following is a schedule of interfund advances. A repayment schedule has been established for the advances from the wastewater utility to the water utility, general fund, and TIF #5. No repayment schedule has been established for the general fund advance to TIF #6 development fund and interest is not being charged on the remaining advances.

The following is a schedule of interfund advances:

Receivable Fund Payable Fund			Amount	Amount Not Due Within One Year		
General Fund	TIF #6 Development	\$	509,775	\$	509,775	
Wastewater Utility Wastewater Utility	Water Utility General Fund		341,882 334,361		324,784 317,640	
Wastewater Utility	TIF #5		296,441		283,392	
Total, fund financial statements			1,482,459			
Less fund eliminations			(851,657)			
Total, interfund advances, government-wide statement of net position			630,802			

The principal purpose of these advances is to finance capital projects in those funds.

		Water	[.] Util	ity		Genera	al Fu	l Fund		TIF	#5	
<u>Years</u>	F	Principal		nterest	Principal		Interest		Principal		Interest	
2025	\$	17,098	\$	4,070	\$	16,721	\$	3,980	\$	13,049	\$	3,392
2026		17,307	•	3,860	•	16,926	·	3,775	·	13,221	•	3,654
2027		17,518		3,647		17,133		3,567		13,395		3,478
2028		17,732		3,432		17,342		3,357		13,572		3,300
2029		17,948		3,214		17,554		3,144		13,751		3,120
2030-2034		93,083		12,710		91,036		12,430		71,528		12,808
2035-2039		98,906		6,851		96,731		6,700		76,375		7,929
2040-2044		62,290		1,148		60,918		1,123	_	81,550		2,719
Total	\$	341,882	\$	38,932	\$	334,361	\$	38,076	\$	296,441	\$	40,400

The repayment schedules of the interfund advances from the wastewater utility are as follows:

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Transfers

The following is a schedule of interfund transfers:

Fund Transferred To	Fund Transferred From		Amount	Principal Purpose
General Fund Capital Projects Fund TIF #5 TIF #5 Debt Service Fund	Water Utility General Fund Debt Service Fund TIF #3 Development General Fund	\$	116,329 108,128 5,240,156 450,000 437,487	Property tax equivalent Capital projects Debt refunding Increment sharing Debt service
Total, fund financial statements			6,352,100	
Less government-wide eliminations			(6,235,771)	
Less capital assets contributed to business-type activities			(3,026,566)	
Total transfers, govern activities	nment-wide statement of	\$	(2,910,237)	

Generally, transfers are used to (1) move revenues from the fund that collects them to the fund that the budget requires to expend them, (2) move receipts restricted to debt service from the funds collecting the receipts to the debt service fund and (3) use unrestricted revenues collected in the general fund to finance various programs accounted for in other funds in accordance with budgetary authorizations.

Short-Term Debt Activity

The City issued short-term debt in 2024 for cash flow purposes in anticipation of financing. The proceeds were used to provide interim financing for additions, extensions and improvements to the City's Streets, Water System and Sewerage System and paying the related costs. Interest rate on note was 6.50% and the note was paid in full on November 13, 2024.

Short-term debt activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance	<u> </u>	Increase		Decrease	Ending Balance		
Governmental Activities 2024 GO bank note	<u>\$ -</u>	<u>\$</u>	1,100,000	<u>\$</u>	1,100,000	<u>\$</u>	-	
Total governmental activities short-term	<u>\$</u> -	\$	1,100,000	\$	1,100,000	\$		

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Long-Term Obligations

Long-term obligations activity for the year ended December 31, 2024, was as follows:

	Beginning Balance		Increases		Decreases		Ending Balance		Amounts Due Within One Year	
Governmental Activities Bonds and notes payable: General obligation bonds and notes General obligation notes from direct borrowings and direct placements Note anticipation notes Unamortized bond premium	\$	3,250,000 77,576 4,100,000 100,028	\$	5,175,000 - - 198,637	\$	400,000 - 4,100,000 31,154	\$	8,025,000 77,576 - 267,511	\$	450,000 - - -
Total bonds and notes payable		7,527,604		5,373,637		4,531,154		8,370,087		450,000
Other liabilities: Compensated absences* Total other liabilities		<u>167,336</u> 167,336				<u>15,736</u> 15,736		<u>151,600</u> 151,600		6,064
Total governmental activities long- term liabilities	\$	7,694,940	\$	5,373,637	\$	4,546,890	\$	8,521,687	\$	456,064
Business-Type Activities Bonds and notes payable: General obligation notes from direct borrowings and direct placements Revenue bonds from direct borrowing or direct placement	\$	60,000 5,979,382	\$	- 296,441	\$	60,000 609,024	\$	- 5,666,799	\$	- 635,487
Total bonds and notes payable		6,039,382		296,441		669,024		5,666,799		635,487
Other liabilities: Compensated absences*		42,177		9,356				51,533		2,061
Total other liabilities		42,177		9,356		-		51,533		2,061
Total business-type activities long- term liabilities	\$	6,081,559	\$	305,797	\$	669,024	\$	5,718,332	\$	637,548

* The change in the compensated absences liability is presented as a net change.

In accordance with Wisconsin Statutes, total general obligation indebtedness of the City may not exceed 5% of the equalized value of taxable property within the City's jurisdiction. The debt limit as of December 31, 2024, was \$8,682,465. Total general obligation debt outstanding at year end was \$8,102,576.

General Obligation Debt

All general obligation debt payable is backed by the full faith and credit of the City. Debt in the governmental funds will be retired by future property tax levies or tax increments accumulated by the debt service fund.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

General obligation debt payable for the City at December 31, 2024, consists of the following:

Governmental Activities							Balance
General Obligation Debt	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	In	Original debtedness	De	ecember 31, 2024
2021A Note payable	2021	2028	2.00%	\$	2,300,000	\$	1,600,000
2021 Bank note payable**	2021	2026	2.45		1,269,000		77,576
2023 Note payable	2023	2033	2.56		1,250,000		1,250,000
2024 Note payable	2024	2044	4.00-5.00		5,175,000		5,175,000
Total governmental a	ctivities, gener	al obligation de	bt			\$	8,102,576

** Debt is considered direct borrowings or direct placements.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	Governmental Activities						
	 General Obl	igati	on Notes		General Obliga Direct Borrow Place	ings	and Direct
Years	 Principal		Interest	_	Principal		Interest
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044	\$ $\begin{array}{r} 450,000\\ 450,000\\ 450,000\\ 605,000\\ 445,000\\ 2,225,000\\ 1,505,000\\ 1,895,000\end{array}$	\$	273,430 308,950 298,450 284,075 259,825 954,775 543,925 195,700	\$	- 77,576 - - - - -	\$	1,901 1,901 - - - - - - -
Total	\$ 8,025,000	\$	3,119,130	\$	77,576	\$	3,802

Revenue Debt

Business-type activities revenue bonds are payable only from revenues derived from the operation of the water utility and wastewater utility.

The water utility has pledged future water utility revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay water revenue bonds issued in 2008, 2013, 2015, 2016, 2017 and 2023. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the water utility. The bonds are payable solely from water utility revenues and are payable through 2043. Annual principal and interest payments on the bonds are expected to require 24.17% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,214,769. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$529,724 and \$699,924, respectively.

The wastewater utility has pledged future wastewater utility revenues, net of specified operating expenses, to repay wastewater revenue bonds issued in 2013, 2016, 2017, 2022 and 2024. Proceeds from the bonds provided financing for the wastewater utility. The bonds are payable solely from wastewater utility revenues and are payable through 2044. Annual principal and interest payments on the wastewater bonds are expected to require 54.42% of net revenues. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$2,946,361. Principal and interest paid for the current year and total customer net revenues were \$178,944 and \$270,703, respectively.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Revenue debt payable at December 31, 2024, consists of the following:

Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt

	Date of Issue	Final Maturity	Interest Rates	Original Indebtedness	Balance December 31, 2024	
Water Utility						
Safe Drinking Water Loan** Safe Drinking Water Loan**	2008 2008	2027 2028	2.365% 1.419	\$ 639,638 2,564,141	\$	
Safe Drinking Water Loan** Safe Drinking Water Loan** Water Systems Refunding	2000	2028	1.155	858,691	412,679	
Bond**	2015	2029	3.750	2,120,500	819,500	
Safe Drinking Water Loan**	2016	2036	0.990	953,244	584,317	
Safe Drinking Water Loan**	2017	2039	1.122	711,250	395,447	
Safe Drinking Water Loan**	2023	2043	1.287	120,173	114,866	
Wastewater Utility						
Sewerage Revenue Bond**	2013	2033	2.625%	452,721	171,659	
Sewerage Revenue Bond**	2016	2036	2.100	734,562	458,752	
Sewerage Revenue Bond**	2017	2037	1.056	620,367	380,686	
Sewerage Revenue Bond**	2022	2042	1.221	1,469,513	1,338,086	(1)
Sewerage Revenue Bond**	2024	2044	1.320	296,441	296,441	. ,
Total business-type act	ivities, reven	ue debt			<u>\$ 5,666,799</u>	

** The debt noted is directly placed with a third party.

(1) - During 2022 the utility was authorized to issue \$1,506,000 of Sewerage System Revenue Bonds. The original amount reported above has been issued as of December 31, 2024. The repayment schedule is for the amount issued.

Debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

	_	Business-Type Activities Revenue Debt From Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements		
<u>Years</u>	_	Principal	Interest	
2025 2026 2027 2028 2029 2030-2034 2035-2039 2040-2044	\$	635,487 649,176 662,973 636,861 379,306 1,480,481 870,617 351,898	\$ 89,943 76,872 62,992 49,209 38,894 125,148 43,375 7,898	
Total	<u>\$</u>	5,666,799	<u>\$ 494,331</u>	

Other Debt Information

The City's outstanding 2021 General Obligation notes from direct borrowings and/or direct placements related to governmental activities and business-type activities with balances totaling \$77,576, contain provisions that in the event of default, the outstanding balance shall become immediately due and payable.

The City's 2008, 2013, 2015, 2017 and 2023 Safe Drinking Water Loans and 2013, 2016, 2017, 2022 and 2024 Clean Water Fund Loans from direct borrowings and/or direct placements related to business-type activities with balances totaling \$5,666,799, contain provisions that amounts due may be deducted from any state payments due to the City, that the Wisconsin Department of Administration may add a special charge to the amount of taxes apportioned to and levied upon the county in which the City is located, that the state has the right to bill the users of the City's utility system directly and that the state has the right to declare the entire principal balance immediately due and payable.

Current Refunding

On November 13, 2024, the City issued \$5,175,000 in general obligation bonds with an average coupon rate of 4.50% to refund \$5,200,000 of outstanding notes with an average coupon rate of 3.80%. The net proceeds along with existing funds of the City were used to prepay the outstanding debt.

The cash flow requirements on the refunded debt prior to the current refunding was \$5,344,733 from 2024 through 2025. The cash flow requirements on the 2024 refunding bonds are \$7,832,230 from 2025 through 2044. The current refunding resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the debt service payments on the old and new debt) of approximately \$1,820,000.

Net Position/Fund Balances

Net position reported on the government-wide statement of net position at December 31, 2024, includes the following:

Governmental Activities

Net investment in capital assets:		
Land	\$	416,175
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		16,957,906
Less related long-term debt outstanding		(8,025,000)
Less unamortized premium on capital related debt	_	(267,511)
Total net net investment in capital assets	<u>\$</u>	9,081,570

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Governmental Funds

Governmental fund balances reported on the fund financial statements at December 31, 2024, include the following:

		Cap				
	General Fund	Capital Projects	TIF #5	YMCA Grant	Nonmajor Funds	Total
Fund Balances						
Nonspendable: Delinquent taxes Prepaid items and inventory	\$ 11,832 31,881	\$- 140,343	\$-	\$-	\$ - -	\$ 11,832 172,224
Noncurrent advances	509,775					509,775
Subtotal	553,488	140,343				693,831
Restricted for: Loan programs, CDBG TIF districts Special project,	:	-	- 1,743,689	:	106,832 165,238	106,832 1,908,927
DARE Fair housing fund	-	-	-	- -	18,858 54,070	18,858 54,070
Subtotal		<u> </u>	1,743,689		344,998	2,088,687
Assigned to: 2025 budget	2,792					2,792
Subtotal	2,792	<u> </u>				2,792
Unassigned (Deficit)	877,285	(136,637)		(941,172)	(514,957)	(715,481)
Total fund balances (deficit)	<u>\$ 1,433,565</u>	<u>\$ </u>	<u>\$ 1,743,689</u>	<u>\$ (941,172)</u>	<u>\$ (169,959)</u>	<u>\$ 2,069,829</u>
Business-Type ActivitiesNet investment in capital assets:Land\$ 159,318Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation16,906,965Less related long-term debt outstanding (excluding unspent capital related debt proceeds)(5,666,799)Plus unspent capital related debt proceeds12,995						
Total n		<u>\$ 11,412,479</u>	:			

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

4. Other Information

Employees' Retirement System

Plan Description

The WRS is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan. WRS benefits and other plan provisions are established by Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. Benefit terms may only be modified by the legislature. The retirement system is administered by the Wisconsin Department of Employee Trust Funds (ETF). The system provides coverage to all eligible State of Wisconsin, local government and other public employees. All employees, initially employed by a participating WRS employer on or after July 1, 2011, expected to work at least 1,200 hours a year (880 hours for teachers and school district educational support employees) and expected to be employed for at least one year from employee's date of hire are eligible to participate in the WRS.

ETF issues a standalone Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR), which can be found at https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements.

Additionally, ETF issued a standalone Wisconsin Retirement System Financial Report, which can also be found using the link above.

Vesting

For employees beginning participation on or after January 1, 1990, and no longer actively employed on or after April 24, 1998, creditable service in each of five years is required for eligibility for a retirement annuity. Participants employed prior to 1990 and on or after April 24, 1998, and prior to July 1, 2011, are immediately vested. Participants who initially became WRS eligible on or after July 1, 2011, must have five years of creditable service to be vested.

Benefits Provided

Employees who retire at or after age 65 (54 for protective occupation employees, 62 for elected officials and executive service retirement participants, if hired on or before December 31, 2016) are entitled to a retirement benefit based on a formula factor, their final average earnings and creditable service.

Final average earnings is the average of the participant's three highest annual earnings period. Creditable service includes current service and prior service for which a participant received earnings and made contributions as required. Creditable service also includes creditable military service. The retirement benefit will be calculated as a money purchase benefit based on the employee's contributions plus matching employer's contributions, with interest, if that benefit is higher than the formula benefit.

Vested participants may retire at age 55 (50 for protective occupations) and receive an actuarially-reduced benefit. Participants terminating covered employment prior to eligibility for an annuity may either receive employee-required contributions plus interest as a separation benefit or leave contributions on deposit and defer application until eligible to receive a retirement benefit.

The WRS also provides death and disability benefits for employees.

Postretirement Adjustments

The Employee Trust Funds Board may periodically adjust annuity payments from the retirement system based on annual investment performance in accordance with s. 40.27, Wis. Stat. An increase (or decrease) in annuity payments may result when investment gains (losses), together with other actuarial experience factors, create a surplus (shortfall) in the reserves, as determined by the system's consulting actuary. Annuity increases are not based on cost of living or other similar factors. For Core annuities, decreases may be applied only to previously granted increases. By law, Core annuities cannot be reduced to an amount below the original, guaranteed amount (the floor) set at retirement. The Core and Variable annuity adjustments granted during recent years are as follows:

Year	Core Fund Adjustment %	Variable Fund Adjustment %
2014	4.7	25.0
2015	2.9	2.0
2016	0.5	(5.0)
2017	2.0	4.0
2018	2.4	17.0
2019	0.0	(10.0)
2020	1.7	21.0
2021	5.1	13.0
2022	7.4	15.0
2023	1.6	(21.0)

Contributions

Required contributions are determined by an annual actuarial valuation in accordance with Chapter 40 of the Wisconsin Statutes. The employee required contribution is one-half of the actuarially determined contribution rate for General category employees, including Teachers, Executives and Elected Officials. Starting on January 1, 2016, the Executives and Elected Officials category was merged into the General Employee category. Required contributions for protective employees are the same rate as general employees. Employers are required to contribute the remainder of the actuarially determined contribution rate. The employer may not pay the employee required contribution unless provided for by an existing collective bargaining agreement.

During the reporting period, the WRS recognized \$133,104 in contributions from the City.

Contribution rates for the plan year reported as of December 31, 2024 are:

Employee Category	Employee	Employer
General (Executives & Elected Officials)	6.80 %	6.80 %
Protective with Social Security	6.80	13.20
Protective without Social Security	6.80	18.10

Pension Liability, Pension Expense (Revenue), Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At December 31, 2024, the City reported a liability of \$146,016 for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of December 31, 2023, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of December 31, 2022 rolled forward to December 31, 2023. No material changes in assumptions or benefit terms occurred between the actuarial valuation date and the measurement date. The City's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the City's share of contributions to the pension plan relative to the contributions of all participating employers. At December 31, 2023, the City's proportion was 0.00982080%, which was an increase of 0.00029429% from its proportion measured as of December 31, 2022.

For the year ended December 31, 2024, the City recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$91,639.

At December 31, 2024, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	0	Deferred utflows of Resources	Deferred Inflows of Resources
Differences between projected and actual experience	\$	588,736	\$ 779,784
Changes in actuarial assumptions		63,644	-
Net differences between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		508,843	-
Changes in proportion and differences between employer contributions and proportionate share of contributions		2,316	3,285
Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date		141,737	
Total	\$	1,305,276	\$ 783,069

\$141,737 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pension resulting from the WRS Employer's contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability (asset) in the year ended December 31, 2025. Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

Years Ending December 31:	Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources (Net)
2025	\$ 77,815
2026	82,162
2027	318,843
2028	(98,350)

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Actuarial Valuation Date:	December 31, 2022
Measurement Date of Net Pension Liability (Asset):	December 31, 2023
Experience Study:	January 1, 2018 - December 31, 2020 Published November 19, 2021
Actuarial Cost Method:	Entry Age Normal
Asset Valuation Method:	Fair Value
Long-Term Expected Rate of Return:	6.8%
Discount Rate:	6.8%
Salary Increases:	
Wage Inflation	3.0%
Seniority/Merit	0.1% - 5.6%
Mortality:	2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table
Postretirement Adjustments*:	1.7%

* No postretirement adjustment is guaranteed. Actual adjustments are based on recognized investment return, actuarial experience and other factors. 1.7% is the assumed annual adjustment based on the investment return assumption and the postretirement discount rate.

Actuarial assumptions are based upon an experience study conducted in 2021 that covered a three-year period from January 1, 2018 to December 31, 2020. The Total Pension Liability for December 31, 2023 is based upon a roll-forward of the liability calculated from the December 31, 2022 actuarial valuation.

Long-Term Expected Return on Plan Assets

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a building-block method in which best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of geometric real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table:

Asset Allocation Targets and Expected Returns* as of December 31, 2023											
Core Fund Asset Class	Asset Allocation %	Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of Return %	Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return %**								
Public Equity	40	7.3	4.5								
Public Fixed Income	27	5.8	3.0								
Inflation Sensitive	19	4.4	1.7								
Real Estate	8	5.8	3.0								
Private Equity/Debt	18	9.6	6.7								
Leverage***	(12)	3.7	1.0								
Total Core Fund	100	7.4	4.6								
Variable Fund Asset	_										
U.S. Equities	70	6.8	4.0								
International Equities	30	7.6	4.8								
Total Variable Fund	100	7.3	4.5								

* Asset Allocations are managed within established ranges; target percentages may differ from actual monthly allocations

** New England Pension Consultants' Long-Term U.S. CPI (Inflation) Forecast: 2.7%

*** The investment policy used for the Core Fund involves reducing equity exposure by leveraging lower-volatility assets, such as fixed income securities. Currently, an asset allocation target of 12% policy leverage is used subject to an allowable range of up to 20%.

Single Discount Rate

A single discount rate of 6.8% was used to measure the total pension liability for the current and prior year. This discount rate is based on the expected rate of return on pension plan investments of 6.8% and a municipal bond rate of 3.77% (Source: Fixed-income municipal bonds with 20 years to maturity that include only federally tax-exempt municipal bonds as reported in Fidelity Index's "20-year Municipal GO AA Index" as of December 31, 2023. In describing this index, Fidelity notes that the Municipal Curves are constructed using option-adjusted analytics of a diverse population of over 10,000 tax-exempt securities.) Because of the unique structure of WRS, the 6.8% expected rate of return implies that a dividend of approximately 1.7% will always be paid. For purposes of the single discount rate, it was assumed that the dividend would always be paid. The projection of cash flows used to determine this single discount rate assumed that plan member contributions will be made at the current contribution rate and that employer contributions will be made at rates equal to the difference between actuarially determined contribution rates and the member rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments (including expected dividends) of current plan members. Therefore, the investment rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability.

Sensitivity of the City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) calculated using the discount rate of 6.80%, as well as what the City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset) would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (5.80%) or 1-percentage-point higher (7.80%) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease			Current	1% Increase to		
	to Discount			scount Rate	Discount Rate		
	Rate (5.8%)			(6.8%)	(7.8%)		
City's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	\$	1,411,317	\$	146,016	\$	(739,368)	

Pension Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in separately issued financial statements available at <u>https://etf.wi.gov/about-etf/reports-and-studies/financial-reports-and-statements</u>.

Risk Management

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to or destruction of assets; errors and omissions; workers compensation; and health care of its employees. All of these risks are covered through the purchase of commercial insurance, with minimal deductibles. Settled claims have not exceeded the commercial coverage in any of the past three years. There were no significant reductions in coverage compared to the prior year.

Commitments and Contingencies

Claims and judgments are recorded as liabilities if all the conditions of Governmental Accounting Standards Board pronouncements are met. The liability and expenditure for claims and judgments are only reported in governmental funds if it has matured. Claims and judgments are recorded in the government-wide statements and proprietary funds as expenses when the related liabilities are incurred.

Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024

From time to time, the City is party to various pending claims and legal proceedings. Although the outcome of such matters cannot be forecasted with certainty, it is the opinion of management and the City attorney that the likelihood is remote that any such claims or proceedings will have a material adverse effect on the City's financial position or results of operations.

The City has received federal and state grants for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit by the grantor agencies. Such audits could lead to requests for reimbursements to the grantor agency for expenditures disallowed under terms of the grants. Management believes such disallowances, if any, would be immaterial.

Effect of New Accounting Standards on Current-Period Financial Statements

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has approved the following:

- Statement No. 102, Certain Risk Disclosures
- Statement No. 103, Financial Reporting Model Improvements
- Statement No. 104, Disclosure of Certain Capital Assets

When they become effective, application of these standards may restate portions of these financial statements.

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts Original	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget	
Revenues					
Taxes: General property tax for local purposes	\$ 1,498,500	\$ 1,498,500	\$ 1,502,704	\$ 4,204	
Forest land tax	183	183	-	(183)	
Mobile home taxes	15,000	15,000	19,573	4,573	
Room tax	40,000	40,000	50,845	10,845	
Taxes from other tax exempt entities	21,000	21,000	9,822	(11,178)	
Interest on taxes	50	50	625	575	
Total taxes	1,574,733	1,574,733	1,583,569	8,836	
Special assessments: Special assessments			20,292	20,292	
Total			20,292	20,292	
Intergovernmental:					
Federal grants	-	-	144,000	144,000	
Shared taxes from state	1,261,451	1,261,451	1,265,102	3,651	
State aid, LRIP	-	-	200	200	
State aid, local streets	273,910	273,910	325,612	51,702	
State aid, other public safety	-	-	1,680	1,680	
Other state shared taxes	8,317	8,317	8,317	-	
Protection services	2,872	2,872	2,523	(349)	
State aid, fire insurance tax	5,000	5,000	7,645	2,645	
Other local government grants	- 440	- 440	17,116 474	17,116 34	
In lieu of taxes Forest cropland, managed forest land	440	440	474	(4)	
Total intergovernmental	1,551,994	1,551,994	1,772,669	220,675	
Licenses and permits:					
Liquor and malt beverage licenses	8,025	8,025	9,360	1,335	
Building permits	6,493	6,493	5,267	(1,226)	
Other regulatory permits and fees			4,133	4,133	
Total licenses and permits	14,518	14,518	18,760	4,242	
Fines, forfeitures and penalties: Court penalties and costs	15,000	15,000	19,038	4,038	
Total fines, forfeitures and penalties	15,000	15,000	19,038	4,038	
Public charges for services:					
General government fees	800	800	3,502	2,702	
Police department fees	4,500	4,500	2,290	(2,210)	
Other public safety fees	6,000	6,000	-	(6,000)	
Park fees	15,000	15,000	17,508	2,508	
Airport fees	7,500	7,500	9,826	2,326	
Cemetery fees	24,000	24,000	27,593	3,593	
Library fees	8,800	8,800	18,598	9,798	
Swimming area fees	13,000	13,000	14,374	1,374	
Total public charges for services	79,600	79,600	93,691	14,091	
Intergovernmental charges for services:	64 000	64.000	60.070	0.000	
State, fire services State, other services	61,080 186,420	61,080 186,420	63,378 151,600	2,298 (34,820)	
Total intergovernmental charges for services	247,500	247,500	214,978	(32,522)	
Investment income:					
Interest on temporary investments	6,000	6,000	41,799	35,799	
Total investment income	6,000	6,000	41,799	35,799	
Miscellaneous:					
Rent/lease	6,000	6,000	17,812	11,812	
Insurance recoveries		-	4,984	4,984	
Donations	-	-	7,877	7,877	
Other miscellaneous revenue	- 13,000	13,000	19,210	6,210	
Total miscellaneous	19,000	19,000	49,883	30,883	
Total revenues	3,508,345	3,508,345	3,814,679	306,334	
	0,000,040	0,000,040	0,01-1,070	000,004	

Budgetary Comparison Schedule -General Fund Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Budgeted Amounts Original	Budgeted Amounts Final	Actual	Variance With Final Budget		
Expenditures						
General government:						
Council	\$ 113,600	\$ 113,600	\$ 83,885	\$ 29,715		
Mayor	11,600	11,600	10,657	943		
Administrator Clerk	144,750 55,987	144,750 72,688	181,540 47,603	(36,790) 25,085		
Elections	6,600	6,600	7,177	(577)		
Financial administration, finance department	95,337	95,337	158,404	(63,067)		
Legal	20,700	20,700	47,745	(27,045)		
Municipal buildings	19,800	14,800	50,280	(35,480)		
Property and liability insurance	100,000	100,000	17,912	82,088		
Total general government	568,374	580,075	605,203	(25,128)		
Public safety:	000.007	000 007	040.000	(05, 400)		
Police	888,637	888,637	913,806	(25,169)		
Ambulance and fire Other public safety	184,001 12,000	184,001 12,000	215,860 12,000	(31,859)		
				<u>-</u>		
Total public safety	1,084,638	1,084,638	1,141,666	(57,028)		
Public works: Road maintenance	201 000	201 000	227 100	44 700		
Road maintenance Street lighting	381,900 48,000	381,900 48.000	337,108 46,320	44,792 1,680		
Sidewalks	11,800	11,800	5,824	5,976		
Storm sewers	7,700	7,700	8,878	(1,178)		
Engineering	-	-	144,336	(144,336)		
Machinery operation and maintenance	165,000	165,000	161,043	3,957		
Buildings and grounds operations	20,300	20,300	17,896	2,404		
Airport	38,100	38,100	38,872	(772)		
Other transportation facilities	5,000	10,000	10,000	-		
Garbage, recycling and refuse collection Landfill	-	-	1,422 165	(1,422) (165)		
Total public works	677,800	682,800	771,864	(89,064)		
		002,000	111,004	(00,004)		
Health and human services: Cemetery	29,200	29,200	34,444	(5,244)		
Total health and human services	29,200	29,200	34,444	(5,244)		
Leisure activities:						
Library	422,207	422,207	437,815	(15,608)		
Parks	143,250	116,549	106,743	9,806		
Leisure services	98,900	108,900	144,729	(35,829)		
Total leisure activities	664,357	647,656	689,287	(41,631)		
Conservation and development:			05	(05)		
Historic preservation	-	67.029	85 63,812	(85)		
Planning Community development	67,928 25,000	67,928 25,000	12,644	4,116 12,356		
	92,928					
Total conservation and development Debt service:	92,920	92,928	76,541	16,387		
Interest			6,364	(6,364)		
Total debt service			6,364	(6,364)		
Capital expenditures	5,000	5,000	51,322	(46,322)		
Total expenditures	3,122,297	3,122,297	3,376,691	(254,394)		
Excess of revenues over expenditures	386,048	386,048	437,988	51,940		
·				<u></u>		
Other Financing Sources (Uses)			447.000	447.000		
Proceeds from sale of capital assets Transfers in	- 95,000	- 95,000	117,038 116,329	117,038 21,329		
Transfers out	(480,000)	(480,000)	(545,615)	(65,615)		
Total other financing sources (uses)	(385,000)	(385,000)	(312,248)	72,752		
Net change in fund balance	\$ 1,048	\$ 1,048	125,740	\$ 124,692		
Fund Balance, Beginning			1,307,825	<u> </u>		
Fund Balance, Ending			\$ 1,433,565			
· ····································			÷ .,400,000			

Schedule of Employer's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability (Asset) -Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2024

WRS Fiscal Year End Date (Measurement Date)	City's Proportion of the Net Pension Liability/Asset	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)	City's Covered Payroll	City's Proportionate Share of the Net Pension Liability/Asset as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Plan Fiduciary Net Position as a Percentage of the Total Pension Liability
12/31/2023	0.00982080 %	\$ 146,016	\$ 1,490,141	9.80 %	98.85 %
12/31/2022	0.00952651 %	504,686	1,380,007	36.57 %	95.72 %
12/31/2021	0.00947077 %	(763,361)	1,303,460	58.56 %	8.51 %
12/31/2020	0.00961736 %	(600,425)	1,237,238	105.26 %	48.53 %
12/31/2019	0.00968894 %	(312,415)	1,299,301	102.96 %	24.04 %
12/31/2018	0.00974159 %	346,575	1,285,026	496.45 %	26.97 %
12/31/2017	0.00961393 %	(285,448)	1,187,928	102.93 %	24.03 %
12/31/2016	0.00975681 %	80,419	1,265,816	99.12 %	6.35 %
12/31/2015	0.00981109 %	159,428	1,216,412	98.20 %	13.11 %
12/31/2014	0.00993752 %	(181,028)	1,209,958	102.74 %	14.96 %

Schedule of Employer Contributions -Wisconsin Retirement System Year Ended December 31, 2024

City's Year End Date	ontractually Required ontributions	Rela Cor R	ributions in ation to the atractually equired atributions	Defic	ibution tiency tess)	 Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentag of Covered Payroll	-
12/31/2024	\$ 141,737	\$	141,737	\$	-	\$ 1,524,257	9.30	%
12/31/2023	133,203		133,203		-	1,490,142	8.94	%
12/31/2022	114,262		114,262		-	1,380,007	8.28	%
12/31/2021	103,724		103,724		-	1,237,238	8.38	%
12/31/2020	101,754		101,754		-	1,299,301	7.83	%
12/31/2019	102,829		102,829		-	1,285,026	8.00	%
12/31/2018	94,664		94,664		-	1,187,928	7.97	%
12/31/2017	94,165		94,165		-	1,265,816	7.44	%
12/31/2016	92,858		92,858		-	1,216,412	7.53	%
12/31/2015	95,915		95,915		-	1,209,958	7.93	%

Notes to Required Supplementary Information Year Ended December 31, 2024

Budgetary Information

Budgetary information is derived from the annual operating budget and is presented using the same basis of accounting as described in Note 1.

The budgeted amounts presented include both the original adopted budget and the final budget. Changes to the budget during the year, if any, generally include amendments authorized by the governing body, additions of approved carryover amounts and appropriations of revenues and other sources for specified expenditures/uses. Changes to appropriations authorized in the adopted budget generally require a vote of two-thirds of the entire membership of the governing body.

Appropriated budget amounts in the general fund lapse at the end of the year unless specifically carried over for financing subsequent year expenditures. The City's legal budget is adopted at the major function level in the general fund (i.e., general government) and at the fund level in all other funds.

Wisconsin Retirement System

The amounts determined for each fiscal year were determined as of the calendar year-end that occurred within the fiscal year.

Changes in Benefit Terms. There were no changes of benefit terms for any participating employer in the Wisconsin Retirement System.

Changes in Assumptions. Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2021 covering January 1, 2018 through December 31, 2020, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-end December 31, 2021, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.0% to 6.8%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.5% to 2.4%
- Lowering the postretirement adjustments from 1.9% to 1.7%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table to the 2020 WRS Experience Mortality Table

Based on a three-year experience study conducted in 2018 covering January 1, 2015 through December 31, 2017, the ETF Board adopted assumption changes that were used to measure the total pension liability beginning with the year-ended December 31, 2018, including the following:

- Lowering the long-term expected rate of return from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the discount rate from 7.2% to 7.0%
- Lowering the wage inflation rate from 3.2% to 3.0%
- Lowering the price inflation rate from 2.7% to 2.5%
- Lowering the postretirement adjustments from 2.1% to 1.9%
- Mortality assumptions were changed to reflect updated trends by transitioning from the Wisconsin 2012 Mortality Table to the Wisconsin 2018 Mortality Table

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

City of Park Falls Combining Balance Sheet -Nonmajor Governmental Funds December 31, 2024

	Special Revenue						Capital Projects						Total Nonmajor	
		DARE	CDBG		Fair Housing		TIF #3 Development		TIF #6 Development		Debt Service		Governmental Funds	
Assets														
Cash and investments Taxes receivable Notes receivable, net	\$	18,858 - -	\$	106,932 - 183,821	\$	54,070 - -	\$	180,238 - -	\$	- 85 -	\$	-	\$	360,098 85 183,821
Total assets	\$	18,858	\$	290,753	\$	54,070	\$	180,238	\$	85	\$		\$	544,004
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Fund Balances (Deficits)														
Liabilities Accounts payable Due to other funds Advances from other funds	\$	- -	\$	- 100 -	\$	- -	\$	15,000 - -	\$	5,182 - 509,775	\$	-	\$	20,182 100 509,775
Total liabilities		-		100		-		15,000		514,957		-		530,057
Deferred Inflows of Resources Unearned revenues Unavailable revenues Total deferred inflows of resources				- 183,821 183,821				- 		85 85		- 		85 183,821 183,906
Fund Balances (Deficits) Restricted Unassigned (deficit)		18,858 -		106,832		54,070		165,238 -		- (514,957)		-		344,998 (514,957)
Total fund balances (deficits)		18,858		106,832		54,070		165,238		(514,957)				(169,959)
Total deferred inflows of resources and fund balances (deficits)	\$	18,858	\$	290,753	\$	54,070	\$	180,238	\$	85	\$		\$	544,004

City of Park Falls Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balances -Nonmajor Governmental Funds Year Ended December 31, 2024

	 DARE	Special Revenue			Fair Housing	Capital Projects TIF #3 TIF #6 Development Development			TIF #6	Debt Service		Total Nonmajor Governmental Funds	
	 				<u> </u>								
Revenues													
Taxes	\$ -	\$	-	\$	-	\$	143,226	\$	-	\$	-	\$	143,226
Intergovernmental	-		-		-		69		-		-		69
Investment income	 57		62		-	1	-		-		-		119
Total revenues	 57		62				143,295			1	-		143,414
Expenditures													
Current:													
Public safety	373		-		-		-		-		-		373
Conservation and development	-		26,030		-		15,000		14,957		-		55,987
Capital outlay	-		-		-		-		500,000		-		500,000
Debt service:													
Principal retirement	-		-		-		-		-		400,000		400,000
Interest and fiscal charges	 -		-		-		-		-		170,968		170,968
Total expenditures	 373		26,030				15,000		514,957		570,968		1,127,328
Excess (deficiency) of revenues													
over expenditures	 (316)		(25,968)		-		128,295		(514,957)		(570,968)		(983,914)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)													
Long-term debt issued	-		-		-		-		-		5,175,000		5,175,000
Premium on long-term debt	-		-		-		-		-		198,637		198,637
Transfers in	-		-		-		-		-		437,487		437,487
Transfers out	 -		-		-	1	(450,000)		-		(5,240,156)		(5,690,156)
Total other financing sources (uses)	 -		-				(450,000)		-		570,968		120,968
Net change in fund balances	(316)		(25,968)		-		(321,705)		(514,957)		-		(862,946)
Fund Balances, Beginning	 19,174		132,800		54,070		486,943				-		692,987
Fund Balances (Deficit), Ending	\$ 18,858	\$	106,832	\$	54,070	\$	165,238	\$	(514,957)	\$	_	\$	(169,959)

City of Park Falls Combining Statement of Net Position -Nonmajor Enterprise Funds December 31, 2024

	Refuse	Redevelopment Authority	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds
Assets and Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Assets			
Current assets:			
Cash and investments	\$ -	\$ 526	\$ 526
Other accounts receivable	57,524	-	57,524
Due from other funds	2,164		2,164
Total current assets	59,688	526	60,214
Noncurrent assets:			
Capital assets:			
Capital assets being depreciated	-	2,098,996	2,098,996
Accumulated depreciation		(2,098,996)	(2,098,996)
Total noncurrent assets			
Total assets	59,688	526	60,214
Deferred Outflows of Resources			
Pension related amounts	22,116		22,116
Total deferred outflows of resources	22,116	_	22,116
	,		,
Liabilities, Deferred Inflows of Resources and Net Position			
Liabilities			
Accounts payable	8,810	-	8,810
Accrued expenses	215	-	215
Due to other funds	14,548		14,548
Total current liabilities	23,573		23,573
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Net pension liability	2,920		2,920
Total noncurrent liabilities	2,920		2,920
Total liabilities	26,493		26,493
Deferred Inflows of Resources			
Pension related amounts	15,659		15,659
Total deferred inflows of resources	15,659		15,659
Net Position			
Unrestricted	39,652	526	40,178
Total net position	\$ 39,652	\$ 526	\$ 40,178

Combining Statement of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Net Position -Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended December 31, 2024

	 Refuse	velopment ithority	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Operating Revenues	\$ 232,832	\$ -	\$	232,832	
Operating Expenses Operation and maintenance Depreciation	 227,205	 - 10,490		227,205 10,490	
Total operating expenses	 227,205	 10,490		237,695	
Operating income (loss)	 5,627	 (10,490)		(4,863)	
Change in net position	5,627	(10,490)		(4,863)	
Net Position, Beginning	 34,025	 11,016		45,041	
Net Position, Ending	\$ 39,652	\$ 526	\$	40,178	

Combining Statement of Cash Flows -Nonmajor Enterprise Funds Year Ended December 31, 2024

	Refuse	evelopment .uthority	Total Nonmajor Enterprise Funds		
Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Cash received from customers	\$ 227,797	\$ -	\$	227,797	
Cash paid to suppliers for goods and services	(207,128)	-		(207,128)	
Cash paid to employees for services	 (20,669)	 -		(20,669)	
Net cash flows from operating activities	 	 			
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Beginning	 -	526		526	
Cash and Cash Equivalents, Ending	\$ 	\$ 526	\$	526	
Reconciliation of Operating Income (Loss) to Net Cash Flows From Operating Activities					
Operating income (loss)	\$ 5,627	\$ (10,490)	\$	(4,863)	
Adjustments to reconcile operating income (loss) to net cash flows from operating activities:					
Depreciation	-	10,490		10,490	
Change in assets and liabilities:					
Other accounts receivable	(2,871)	-		(2,871)	
Receivable from Municipality	(2,164)	-		(2,164)	
Accounts payable	(12,950)	-		(12,950)	
Payable to Municipality	13,036	-		13,036	
Other current liabilities	154	-		154	
Pension related deferrals and asset	 (832)	 -		(832)	
Net cash flows from operating activities	\$ _	\$ -	\$	_	

Noncash Capital, Investing and Financing Activities

None